City Council District 33

Stephen Levin
Downtown Brooklyn / Williamsburg



Rank by Largest Number of Family Shelter Units

out of 16 districts in Brooklyn

out of 51 districts in New York City

Rank by Highest Percent of Homeless Students

out of 16 districts in Brooklyn

30 out of 51 districts in New York City

Highlights

District 33 is home to almost 26,000 affordable units—4,600 of which could be lost by 2022.

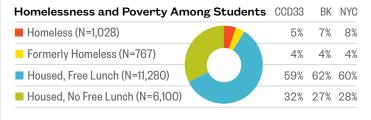
A variety of resources exist in the community to support families. Ensuring access to families struggling with homelessness is key to addressing local housing instability.

1 out of 11 District 33 students experienced homelessness in the last five years

Community Resources

Homebase: Homelessness Prevention	0
NYC and NYS Job Centers	6
Adult and Continuing Education	5
Financial Literacy Program	1
Community School	4
Health Center and Immunization Facility	2
Runaway and Homeless Youth Services	2

Community Indicators



Educational Outcomes of Homeless Students ${\tt OCD33}$		BK	NYC
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	44%	38%	37%
Dropout Rate	15%	17%	18%
Graduation Rate	56%	54%	52%
Math Proficiency 3-8 Grade	14%	18%	18%
ELA Proficiency 3-8 Grade	12%	14%	14%
Received IEP Late	-	65%	62%

Affordable & Public Housing

25,913 remaining affordable units

3,864
NYCHA units

4,621 affordable units co

affordable units could be lost from 2017 to 2022

403

affordable units lost between 2005 and 2016

Family Shelters

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O family shelters 0% of Brooklyn shelters 0% of NYC shelters

Neighborhood

28% of households are severely rent burdened

7% of people are unemployed

23% of people work in low-wage occupations

13% of people have less than a high school education

32% of single mothers with children under five live in poverty

Note: The number of homeless students represents the council district where students attend school; homeless atudents may attend schools in districts where they do not live. Students who experienced homelessness in the last five years is the ratio of currently homeless and formerly homeless students to the total number of students in the district. Formerly homeless students are defined as those who are currently housed but experienced homelessness at any point during SY 2010–11 to SY 2014–15. Chronically absent students are those who miss 20 or more school days in a school year. Late IEP is defined as received after Kindergarten. Data represent a cohort of students who entered Kindergarten in SY 2010–11 and received an IEP at some point during the next five years. Math and English proficiency rates refer to students who score a 3 or above on the New York State Education Department Math and English Language Arts tests. Dropout and graduation data represent the four-year dropout and graduation rates for students who entered high school in 2011 and experienced homelessness at any point during their high school career. Low-wage occupations are defined as those with annual median salaries at or below \$28,583, which is 150% of the Federal Poverty Level for a family of three in 2014. Households that are severely rent burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 and 34 are split burdened spend 50% or more of their income on rent. Districts 8 a

Source: Legal Aid Society; New York City Council; New York City Department of City Planning; New York City Department of Education, unpublished data tabulated by the Institute for Children, Poverty, and Homelessness, SY 2010-11 to SY 2014-15; New York City Department of Housing Freservation and Development; New York City Department of Youth and Community Development; New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation; New York City Housing Authority; NYU Furman Center Moelis Institute for Affordable Housing Policy; U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-year Estimates, 2014.

City Council District 33

☐ District Boundaries

Shelters

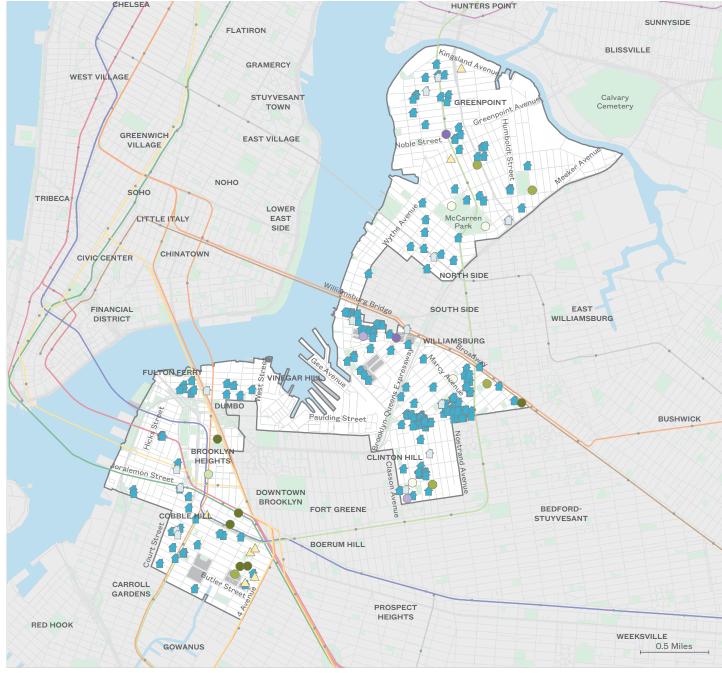
- ☐ Tier II Family Shelter
- Hotel Family Shelter
- Cluster Site Family Shelter
- △ Single Adult Shelter/
 Supportive SRO
 Housing

Community Resources

- Homebase: Homelessness Prevention
- NYC and NYS Job Centers ✓
- Adult and Continuing Education ✓
- Financial LiteracyProgram ✓
- Oce School and Community Supports ✓
- Health Center and Immunization Facility
- Runaway and Homeless Youth Services ✓

Affordable Housing

- Affordable units lost (2005–2016)
- Affordable units that could be lost (2017-2022)
- NYCHA Developments



Note: Check marks on Community Resources indicate the resources that appear in the district. See User's Guide for further notes about resources shown on this map. Some resources may overlap or be co-located. Some affordable properties shown in the district had affordable restrictions but no housing units that were restricted.

Source: Legal Aid Society; New York City Council; New York City Department of City Planning; New York City Department of Education; New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development; New York City Department of Youth and Community Development; New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation; New York City Housing Authority; NYU Furman Center Moelis Institute for Affordable Housing Policy.