Pennsylvania

Need and capacity

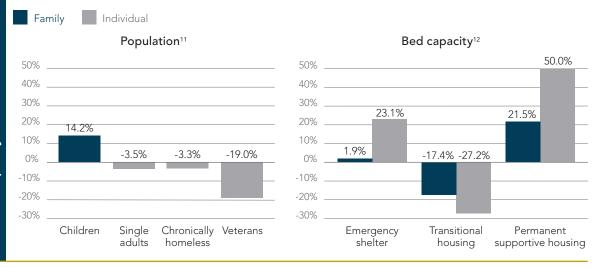
State Education Ranking: 47 State Policy Ranking: 12

	State Ranking Indicators	U.S.	PA	Rank	
	Education Indicators				
	Percentage of children in Early Head Start and Head Start who are homeless ¹	4.6%	4.4%	36	
	Homeless children as a percentage of poor children in pre-K ²	3.9%	1.7%	35	
	Homeless children as a percentage of extremely poor children in grades K-12 ³	27.1%	12.9%	47	
	Number of school-aged children living doubled up for every school-aged child in shelter ⁴	4.9	2.0	42	
	Percentage of unaccompanied homeless FAFSA applicants assisted by a homeless program ⁵	47.3%	48.2%	30	
gs	Policy Indicators				
e ranking:	Affordable and available rental units per 100 extremely low-income households ⁶	31	36	21	
	Minimum wage as a percentage of the wage needed to afford a two-bedroom apartment ⁷	38.6%	42.1%	37	
	State policies that reduce homeless families' barriers to accessing child care ⁸	7	2	27	
State	State laws that protect survivors of domestic and sexual violence from housing discrimination ⁹	16	3	23	
Ŋ	State policies that reduce homeless families' risk for food insecurity ¹⁰	3	3.0	1	

Although only three states ranked lower on the State Education Ranking, Pennsylvania ranked near the top half of states on the higher education indicator.

At no. 12, Pennsylvania was much higher on the State Policy Ranking, in part due to ranking first on policies that reduce homeless families' risk of food insecurity.

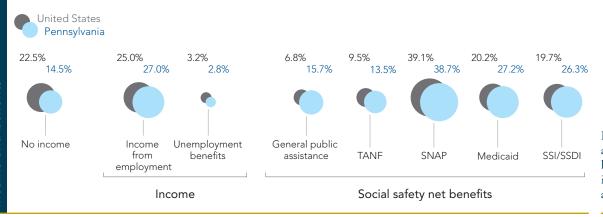
Change in Population and Bed Capacity from 2007 to 2013 (by target population)



Between 2007 and 2013, homelessness decreased for single adults, veterans, and the chronically homeless while the number of homeless children increased.

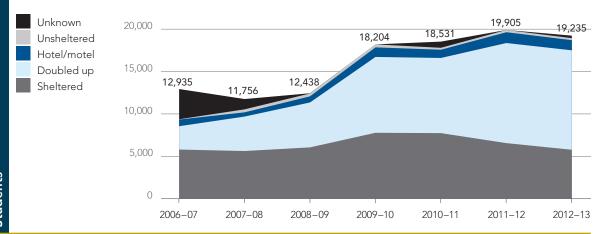
During the same time period, Pennsylvania shifted its bed inventory away from transitional housing, investing instead in emergency shelter and permanent supportive housing beds for families and individuals.

Sources of Income and Benefits for Adults Exiting Homelessness Programs in 2011¹³



In 2011, one in seven (14.5%) adults exited programs serving homeless households without any income or social safety net benefits, and only 27.0% were employed.

Number of Homeless Students (by living arrangement and school year)¹⁴



Between the 2006–07 and 2012–13 school years, the number of homeless students rose 48.7%, with the greatest change observed in the number of students living doubled up (188.5%).

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