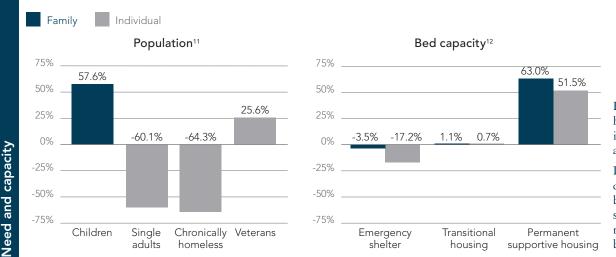
Michigan

State Education Ranking: 32 **State Policy Ranking: 49**

State Ranking Indicators	U.S.	MI	Rank
Education Indicators			
Percentage of children in Early Head Start and Head Start who are homeless ¹	4.6%	5.0%	29
Homeless children as a percentage of poor children in pre-K ²	3.9%	2.3%	26
Homeless children as a percentage of extremely poor children in grades K-12 ³	27.1%	24.1%	24
Number of school-aged children living doubled up for every school-aged child in shelter ⁴	4.9	3.2	36
Percentage of unaccompanied homeless FAFSA applicants assisted by a homeless program ⁵	47.3%	52.3%	25
Policy Indicators			
Affordable and available rental units per 100 extremely low-income households ⁶ Minimum wage as a percentage of the wage needed to afford a two-bedroom apartment ⁷	31	29	36
Minimum wage as a percentage of the wage needed to afford a two-bedroom apartment ⁷	38.6%	50.1%	22
	7	1	45
State laws that protect survivors of domestic and sexual violence from housing discrimination ⁹	16	0	48
State policies that reduce homeless families' barriers to accessing child care [®] State laws that protect survivors of domestic and sexual violence from housing discrimination [®] State policies that reduce homeless families' risk for food insecurity ¹⁰	3	1.0	32

Change in Population and Bed Capacity from 2007 to 2013 (by target population)¹¹



Michigan ranked 32nd on the State Education Ranking, assisting an average percentage of homeless students in completing the FAFSA and having a lower than average number of doubled-up students.

Although Michigan placed next to last on the State Policy Ranking, it did rank among the top half of states (22^{nd}) on one of the affordable housing indicators.

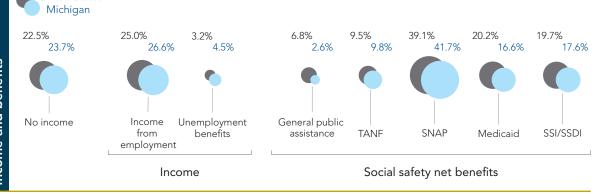
Between 2007 and 2013, homelessness among children increased while it decreased among single adults.

During that time, Michigan decreased its emergency shelter beds and increased its permanent supportive housing beds; the number of transitional housing beds remained about the same.

Income and benefits

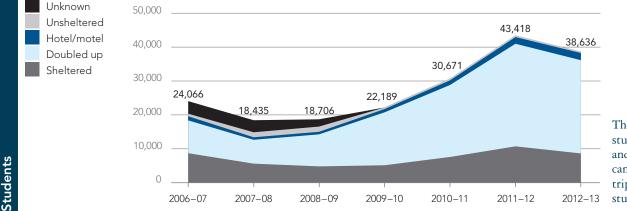
United States





In 2011, over one quarter (26.6%) of adults exited programs serving homeless households with income from employment, though a similar percentage (23.7%) exited with no income at all.

Number of Homeless Students (by living arrangement and school year)¹⁴



The 60.5% rise in homeless students between the 2006-07 and 2012-13 school years can be mostly attributed to the tripling of the number of students living doubled up.

State Dashboards 44